EXHIBIT A

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locations:

1	Plaintiff's Name	Station	Leased	Station Location
2		Brand	Marketing	
3			Premises	
4			Yes/No	
5	Fouad N. Dagher	Shell	Yes	Dagher Shell #2
6				916 Santa Anita
7				Arcadia, CA 01006
8				
9	Bisharat	Shell	Yes	Arcadia Shell Service
10	Enterprises, Inc.		,	25 East Foothill Boulevard
11				Arcadia, CA 91006
12				
13	Alfred Buczkowski	Shell	Yes	Oakview Shell
14				905 North Ventura Avenue
15				Oakview, CA 93022
16				
17	Los Feliz Shell,	Shell	Yes	Los Feliz Shell, Inc.
18	Inc.			3053 Los Feliz Boulevard
19				Los Angeles, CA 90039
20				
21	Nassim Hanna	Shell	Yes	Hanna Shell
22				1410 South Soto Street
23				Los Angeles, CA 90023
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1	Esequiel Delgado	Shell	Yes	Deloide St. W. S.
2				Delgado Shell Service
3			•	4357 East Brooklyn Avenue
4				Los Angeles, CA 90022
5	Nasser El-Radi	Shell	Yes	Delamo Shell
6				5910 Dell
7				Lakewood, CA 90713
8				2-across, CA 90/13
9	Carlos Marquez	Shell	Yes	Marquez Shell #12
10			•	2600 Pellissier Place
11				Industry, CA 91746
12				•
13	Fouad N. Dagher	Shell	Yes	Dagher Shell #5
14				5533 East Washington Blvd.
15			•	Commerce, CA 90040
16			•	
17	Tinsal Enterprises,	Shell	Yes	N. Hill Shell
18	Inc.			16961 Devonshire Street
19				Granada Hills, CA 91344
20				
21	Fouad N. Dagher	Shell	Yes	Dagher Shell #10
22				1900 East Ceasar Chavez
23				Los Angeles, CA 90033
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Court House News 06/15/99 TUE 18:51 FAX Sec. 428. *** 1 Mahwash Farzaneh Shell Lawndale Shell 2 15808 South Inglewood 3 Lawndale, CA 90260 5 6 Fouad N. Dagher Shell Yes : Dagher Shell #4 7 2219 Garfield 8 Monterey Park, CA 91754 9 10 Nasser El-Radi Shell Yes Shell 4U 11 430 Petrogrande 12 Monterey Park, CA 91754 13 14 Carlos Marquez Shell Yes Marquez Shell #7 15 3701 East Valley Boulevard 16 West Covina, CA 91744 17 18 Nasser El-Radi Shell Yes UR Shell 19 20 9305 East Firestone 21 Downey, CA 90241 22 23 G.G.&R 24 Shell Yes Holiday Shell Service 25 Petroleum, Inc. 800-M East Lugenia Avenue 26 Redlands, CA 92374

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Case 3:07Ecv;04296-MJJ	Document 24-2	Filed 11/01/2007	Page 7 of 22
100 101 172	Court	HOUSE NEWS	

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1	H.J.F. Inc.	Shell	Yes	Simi Shell Food Mart
2				1120 East Los Angeles Avenue
3				Simi Valley, CA 93065-2802
4				,, and a document of the control of
5	Kaleco, Co.	Shell	Yes	Camarillo Shell
6				1604 Ventura Boulevard
7			. •	Camarillo, CA 93010
8	Mike M. Madani		•	
9	MIKE NL MIZOSNI	Texaco	No	South Bay Texaco
10	-		•	1700 Artesia Boulevard
11				Redondo Beach, CA 90278
12	Quang Truong	Shell	Yes	Kathleen's Shell
13			•	4405 North Maine Avenue
14				Baldwin Park, CA 91706
15				
16	Fouad N. Dagher	Shell	Yes	Dagher Shell #13
17				8801 Lanewood
18				Downey, CA 90240
19				
20	Carlos Marquez	Shell	Yes	Marquez Shell #13
21				19910 Beach Boulevard
22				La Mirada, CA 90638
23				
24				
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Court House News

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1	Sami Merhi	Shell	Ye	Del Amo Shell
2				20225 South Avalon
3			,	Carson, CA 90745
4				
5	Steven Ray	Shell	Yes	Steve's Shell Service
6	Vezerian			800 West Las Tunas Avenue
7			•	San Gabriel, CA 91776
8				
9	Guillermo	Shell	Yes	West Covina Shell
10	Ramierez		•	801 South Glendora Avenue
11			•	West Covina, CA 91790
12				
13				
14	Edgardo R.	Shell	Yes ·	Gardy's Shell Service
15	Parungao			7511 East Rosecrans Avenue
16				Paramount, CA 90723
17				
18	Fouad N. Dagher	Shell	Yes	Dagher Shell #9
19				631 North Garfield
20				Monterey Park, CA 91754
21				
22	Sitara Management	Shell	Yes	Ventura/Shoup Shell
23	Corporation			22330 Ventura Boulevard
24				Woodland Hills, CA 91364
25				
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1	Paul E. Peterson	Shell	Yes	West Torrance Shell
2				20805 South Anza Avenue
3				Torrance, CA 90503
4			•	·
5	Ron Abel Serv.	Shell	Yes	Ron Abel's #2
6	Center, Inc.			21924 Devonshire Street
7				Chaisworth, CA 90311
8	Torredo Ch. U.G.		•	0
9	Jerry's Shell Serv.	Sheli	Yes	Jerry's Shell
10	Center, Inc.		•	5161 Van Nuys Boulevard
11				Sherman Oaks, CA 91403
12	Guillermo Ramirez	Shell	Yes	Ramirez Shell Autocare
13				12004 East Ramona Bouleyard
14				El Monte, CA 91732
15				- 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.
16	Leopoloo Ramirez	Shell	Yes	Ramirez Shell
17	·			3660 North Puente Avenue
18 19				Baldwin Park, CA 91706
20	Nazar Sheibaini	7 0		
21	14azat Siteloaini	Texaco	Yes	Camarillo Texaco
22				256 Carmen Drive
23				Camarillo, CA 93010
24	Sitara Management	Chall	37. .	
25	Corporation	Stieti		Camarillo/Tujunga Shell
26	oo.po.a.o.			11339 Camarillo Street
27				North Hollywood, CA 91602
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OPEC, the international oil cartel.

1	Tinsal Enterprises, Shell Yes Victoria Shell
2	Inc. 2440 South Victoria
3	Ventura, CA 93003
4	
5	Fouad N. Dagher Shell Yes Dagher Shell #7
6	1401 South Garfield
7	Alhambra, CA 91803
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10	4. Each individual plaintiff is a resident of the state of California and the Central District
11	of California.
12	5. Each corporate plaintiff is organized, exists, and doing business under the laws of the
13	state of California, with its principal place of business located in the Central District of California.
14	6. Each plaintiff who currently operates Shell branded marketing premises, at all times
15	relevant herein, has been in a franchise relationship with Shell Oil Co. or its assignee Equilon
16	Enterprises LLC, and since approximately January 1998 has purchased wholesale Shell branded
17	gasoline from Equilon for resale to the general public.
18	7. Each plaintiff who currently operates Texaco branded marketing premises, at all times
19	relevant herein, has been in a franchise relationship with Texaco, Inc. or its assignee Equilon
20	Enterprises LLC, and since approximately January 1998 has purchased wholesale Texaco branded
21	gasoline from Equilon for resale to the general public.
22	IV
23	DEFENDANTS
24	Saudi Refining, Inc.
25	8. Defendant SAUDI REFINING, INC. ("Saudi") is a limited liability corporation with its
26	headquarters and principal place of business in Houston, Texas. It is a corporate affiliate of Saudi
27	Aramco, the state-owned oil company of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the principal member of
28	OPEC the international all and t

9	2. Saudi is, and at all times relevant herein, has been directly or indirectly engaged in the
DOZIIIES2	of exploring for and producing crude oil, transporting crude oil, and refining
transpor	ting, storing, and marketing petroleum products, including gasoline, in the United States

- 10. Saudi, as part of Saudi Aramco, is one of the world's leading oil and natural gas producers, with substantial manufacturing, transportation and marketing functions.
- 11. The Chairman of Saudi met with the Chairmen of Shell and Texaco for the purpose of forming and organizing a combination with Shell and Texaco in the refining and marketing of gasoline.
- 12. The Chairman of Saudi knew and understood that the effect of the agreement with Shell and Texaco would be the elimination of competition between and among Saudi, Texaco and Shell in the refining and marketing of gasoline in the United States.
- 13. The Chairman of Saudi knew and understood that the agreement with Shell and Texaco was an agreement among competitors to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Texaco and Shell retail dealers.
- 14. The Chairman of Saudi knew and understood that the agreement with Shell and Texaco was an agreement among competitors to divide markets in the United States.
- 15. The Chairman of Saudi knew and understood that the agreement with Shell and Texaco was an agreement among competitors to divide customers in the United States.
- 16. Saudi in fact combined with Shell and Texaco to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco retail dealers in the United States.
 - 17. Saudi in fact combined with Shell and Texaco to divide markets in the United States.
- 18. Saudi in fact combined with Shell and Texaco to divide customers in the United States.

Shell Oil Co.

19. Defendant SHELL OIL COMPANY ("Shell") is a corporation organized, existing, and doing business under the laws of the state of Delaware, with its headquarters and principal place of business at One Shell Plaza, Houston, Texas. Shell is a subsidiary of the Royal Dutch/Shell Group which is composed of Royal Dutch Petroleum Company (domiciled in the Netherlands) and The

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"Shell" Transport and Trading Company (domiciled in the U	Inited Kingdom)
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- 20. Shell is, and at all times relevant herein, has been engaged in the business of exploring for and producing crude oil, transporting crude oil, and refining, transporting, storing, and marketing petroleum products, including gasoline, in the state of California and throughout the United States.
- 21. Shell, as part of Royal Dutch/Shell Group, is one of the world's leading oil and natural gas producers, with substantial manufacturing, transportation and marketing functions.
- 22. The Chairman of Shell met with the Chairmen of Saudi and Texaco for the purpose of forming and organizing a combination with Saudi and Texaco in the refining and marketing of gasoline.
- 23. The Chairman of Shell knew and understood that the effect of the agreement with Saudi and Texaco would be the elimination of competition between and among Saudi, Texaco and Shell in the refining and marketing of gasoline in the United States.
- 24. The Chairman of Shell knew and understood that the agreement with Saudi and Texaco was an agreement among competitors to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Texaco and Shell retail dealers.
- 25. The Chairman of Shell knew and understood that the agreement with Saudi and Texaco was an agreement among competitors to divide markets in the United States.
- 26. The Chairman of Shell knew and understood that the agreement with Saudi and Texaco was an agreement among competitors to divide customers in the United States.
- 27. Shell in fact combined with Saudi and Texaco to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco retail dealers in the United States.
 - 28. Shell in fact combined with Saudi and Texaco to divide markets in the United States.
- 29. Shell in fact combined with Saudi and Texaco to divide customers in the United States.

Texaco, Inc.

30. Defendant, TEXACO, INC. ("Texaco") is a corporation organized, existing, and doing business under the laws of the state of Delaware, with its headquarters and principal place of

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business at 2000 Westchester Avenue, White Plains, New York.

- 31. Texaco is, and at all times relevant herein, has been engaged in the business of exploring for and producing crude oil, transporting crude oil, and refining, transporting, storing, and marketing petroleum products, including gasoline, in the State of California and throughout the United States.
- 32. Texaco is one of the world's leading oil and natural gas producers, with substantial manufacturing, transportation and marketing functions.
- 33. The Chairman of Texaco met with the Chairmen of Saudi and Shell for the purpose of forming and organizing a combination with Saudi and Texaco in the refining and marketing of gasoline.
- 34. The Chairman of Texaco knew and understood that the effect of the agreement with Saudi and Shell would be the elimination of competition between and among Saudi, Texaco and Shell in the refining and marketing of gasoline in the United States.
- 35. The Chairman of Texaco knew and understood that the agreement with Saudi and Shell was an agreement among competitors to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Texaco and Shell retail dealers.
- 36. The Chairman of Texaco knew and understood that the agreement with Saudi and Shell was an agreement among competitors to divide markets in the United States.
- 37. The Chairman of Texaco knew and understood that the agreement with Saudi and Shell was an agreement among competitors to divide customers in the United States.
- 38. Texaco in fact combined with Saudi and Shell to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco retail dealers in the United States.
 - 39. Texaco in fact combined with Saudi and Shell to divide markets in the United States.
- 40. Texaco in fact combined with Saudi and Shell to divide customers in the United States.

Equilon Enterprises LLC

41. Defendant EQUILON ENTERPRISES LLC ("Equilon") is a limited liability corporation with its headquarters and principal place of business in Houston, Texas.

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42. Equilon is a combination between Texaco and Shell that combines their western and
mid-western refining, transportation, terminal (storage), and marketing operations and assets.
Shell owns 56 percent of Equilon, and Texaco owns the other 44 percent.
43. Equilon began operating during January 1998. Since that time, it has been in the
business of refining, transporting, storing, and marketing petroleum products, including gasoline,
in the state of California and other western and mid-western states.
44. Equilon refines and markets gasoline and other petroleum products under both the
Shell and Texaco brand names in all or parts of 32 states, selling products to 9,002 Shell and
Texaco retail outlets.
45. Equilon is the fourth largest retail gasoline marketer and the fourth largest refiner in
the United States.
46. Equilon's annual gross revenue is approximately \$22 billion.
47. Equilon is number one in market share in Oregon, Arizona, Nebraska, Oklahoma,
Missouri, Arkansas and Kentucky. Equilon is number two in market share in Alaska, Hawaii,
California, Nevada, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Indiana and Illinois.
48 Familian has seven refined as fair annual according to

- 48. Equilon has seven refineries, refining approximately 846,000 barrels per day. Equilon owns 76 terminals for crude oil and refined products in the United States.
- 49. Equilon owns an interest, with its competitors, in 45,600 miles of pipeline throughout the United States.
- 50. Equilon is a combination, in the form of a trust or otherwise, used by Shell and Texaco to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco retail dealers in the western and midwestern states of the United States.

Motiva Enterprises LLC

- 51. Defendant MOTIVA ENTERPRISES LLC ("Motiva") is a limited liability corporation with its headquarters and principal place of business in Houston, Texas.
- 52. Motiva is a combination between Texaco, Saudi and Shell that combines their eastern United States and Gulf Coast refining, transportation, terminal (storage), and marketing operations and assets. Shell owns 35 percent of Motiva, and Texaco and Saudi each own 32.5 percent.

Page 15 of 22

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53. Motiva began operations during July 1998. Since that time, Motiva has been in the
business of refining, transporting, storing, and marketing petroleum products, including gasoline
in the Gulf Coast and eastern United States.

- 54. Motiva refines and markets gasoline under the Shell and Texaco brand names in 27 states of the United States, selling products to 13,900 Shell and Texaco retail outlets.
- 55. Motiva is the second largest retail gasoline marketer and the eighth largest refiner in the United States.
 - 56. Motiva's annual gross revenue is approximately \$11 billion.
- 57. Motiva is number one in market share in Texas, Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Florida, North Carolina, Rhode Island, New Jersey, Maryland and Delaware.
- 58. Motiva is number two in market share in Georgia, Virginia, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Connecticut.
- 59. Motiva has four refineries, refining approximately 819,000 barrels per day. Motiva has 50 terminals for crude oil and refined products in the United States.
- 60. Motiva is a combination, in the form of a trust or otherwise, used by Saudi, Texaco and Shell to fix the price of gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco retail dealers in the eastern and Gulf coast states of the United States.

Equiva Trading Co.

- 61. Defendant EQUIVA TRADING COMPANY ("Equiva Trading") is a general partnership headquartered in Houston, Texas, with offices in Universal City and Burbank, California; and Calgary, Canada.
- 62. Equilon and Motiva are the general partners in Equiva Trading, each having a 50 percent interest. Equiva Trading became operational in July 1998 and provides supply and trading services to Equilon, Motiva and affiliates of Texaco and Shell.
- 63. Equiva Trading was formed with the purpose and effect of eliminating competition in the supply and trading services to the Equilon and Motiva combines, and to the affiliates of Saudi, Texaco and Shell.

Equiva Services LLC

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64. Defendant EQUIVA SERVICES LLC ("Equiva Services") is a limited liability
corporation with its headquarters and principal place of business in Houston. Texas
Texas

- 65. Equiva Services is 50 percent owned by Equilon and 50 percent owned by Motiva. It began operations in July 1998, and provides economic and business research, facilities management, financial, human resources, information technology, legal, marketing, and safety. health and environmental services for Equilon and Motiva.
- 66. Equiva Services was formed with the purpose and effect of eliminating competition in services provided to the Equilon and Motiva combines, and to the affiliates of Saudi, Texaco and Shell.

V

CO-CONSPIRATORS

Plaintiffs are informed and believe that persons whose identities are at this time 67. unknown have engaged with defendants in the violations alleged herein. Plaintiffs may at a later time amend this complaint to add said unknown co-conspirators as defendants when and if they become known.

VI

THE SHELL/TEXACO/SAUDI COMBINATIONS

- 68. In or about October 1996, at a place and time unknown to plaintiffs, Saudi, Shell and Texaco met and entered into an agreement to raise, fix, peg, and stabilize gasoline prices.
- 69. In or about October 1996, Saudi, Shell and Texaco formed their combinations, combining their refining, transportation, terminal (storage), and marketing operations and assets in the United States.
- 70. On or about March 1997, Shell and Texaco entered into a Memorandum of Understanding regarding the formation of a combination to be known as "Westco," which later was renamed "Equilon." Westco was to be organized as a limited liability corporation into which Texaco and Shell would contribute their refining, transportation, terminal (storage), and marketing operations and assets in the western and mid-western United States (roughly corresponding with Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts ("PADDs") II, IV, and V).

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71. On or about July 16, 1997, Shell, Texaco, and Saudi entered into	a Memorandum of
Understanding regarding the formation of a combination to be called "Easter	o," which later was
renamed "Motiva." Eastco was to be organized as a limited liability corpora	tion into which Saudi
Shell, and Texaco would contribute their refining, transportation, terminal (s	torage), and
marketing operations and assets in the Gulf Coast and eastern United States	
corresponding to PADDs I and III).	

- 72. At some point during or after January 1998, Texaco and Shell sold, transferred or assigned to Equilon (formerly Westco) their interests in the marketing premises leased to plaintiffs, as well as their interests in and obligations under each plaintiff's franchise agreements.
- 73. With regard to those plaintiffs that operate leased marketing premises, prior to and after transferring those premises to Equilon, neither Shell nor Texaco made bona fide offers to sell, transfer, or assign their interests in the premises to plaintiffs.
- 74. Equilon was formed for the purpose and with the effect of eliminating competition between and among Saudi, Texaco and Shell in the refining and marketing of gasoline in the United States.
- 75. One of the purposes of Shell and Texaco in forming Equilon was to fix prices between themselves on gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco branded dealers.
- 76. Shell and Texaco agreed that Equilon would fix the price at which gasoline is sold to the independent Shell and Texaco branded dealers in the western and mid-western states of the United States.
- 77. Equilon fixes the price at which gasoline is sold to the independent Shell and Texaco branded dealers in the western and mid-western states of the United States.
- 78. Motiva was formed for the purpose and with the effect of eliminating competition between and among Saudi, Texaco and Shell in the refining and marketing of gasoline in the United States.
- 79. One of the purposes of Saudi, Shell and Texaco in forming Motiva was to fix prices between and among themselves on gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco branded dealers.

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- 80. Saudi, Shell and Texaco agreed that Motiva would fix the price at which gasoline is sold to the independent Shell and Texaco branded dealers in the Gulf and east coast states of the United States
- 81. Motiva fixes the price at which gasoline is sold to the independent Shell and Texaco branded dealers in the Gulf and east coast states of the United States.

TRADE AND COMMERCE

- 82. The exploration, production, transportation, storage, refining, distribution, marketing, and selling of crude oil and gasoline is carried on in and substantially affects interstate and foreign commerce, and that the combination and conspiracy among and between Saudi, Texaco, and Shell, to fix the price of gasoline sold to retail dealers substantially affects, impedes, and unreasonably restrains the free flow of crude oil and gasoline between and among the various states of the United States, and foreign countries and the United States.
- 83. Entry into the refining and marketing of gasoline is difficult and would not be timely, likely, or sufficient to prevent anticompetitive effects in those markets.
- 84. By reason of the violations alleged herein, plaintiffs have paid and continue to pay higher wholesale prices for branded gasoline than they would in a free and competitive market.
- 85. Since the launch of the Equilon combination, wholesale and retail prices of gasoline sold in the state of California have increased substantially.
- 86. During that same period, total statewide refinery production and inventories of gasoline rose compared to the same period in the previous year, refinery margins increased, and crude oil prices decreased.
- 87. Beginning at least during the last two years, crude oil prices, when adjusted for inflation, dropped to their lowest levels since the Great Depression of the 1930's.
- 88. During the time that crude oil prices were dropping to their lowest levels since the Great Depression, Saudi, Shell and Texaco, by and through Equilon and Motiva, agreed to and did in fact fix and raise the price of gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco branded retail dealers.

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	89. Before Equilon and Motiva were formed, Saudi, Texaco and Shell were actual
į	competitors.
	90. Saudi, Shell and Texaco combined and conspired to form Motiva and Equilon as the
	means to fix prices on gasoline sold to the independent Shell and Texaco retail dealers.
	91. Saudi, Shell and Texaco combined and conspired to form Motiva and Equilon as the
	means to divide markets and customers.
	92. Saudi, Shell and Texaco did what they combined and conspired to do.
	93. Motiva and Equilon combined, conspired and contracted to fix the price of gasoline
	sold to the independent Texaco and Shell dealers in the United States.
	94. Motiva and Equilon combined, conspired and contracted to divide the markets in the
	United States.
	95. Motiva and Equilon combined, conspired and contracted to divide customers in the
	United States.
	96. Motiva and Equilon, as a combination, do the following:
	(a) Market gasoline in all 50 states of the United States under both the Shell and
	Texaco brand names;
	(b) Rank number one in national market share for branded gasoline, refining
	capacity and lubricant sales;
	(c) Have annual gross revenue of approximately \$33 billion;
	(d) Provide product to 22,903 Texaco and Shell branded retail outlets;
	(c) Own 11 refineries with a total refining capacity of 1,665,270 barrels per day;
	(f) Own or have an interest in 126 crude oil and product terminals;
	(g) Have ownership interests with their competitors in 45,600 miles of pipeline
	97. By reason of the combination and conspiracy among Saudi, Texaco and Shell to fix
	prices by and through their combinations, Equilon and Motiva, independent Shell and Texaco
	branded retailers paid more for their gasoline than they would have in a free and competitive
	market.
	98. After acquiring plaintiffs' marketing premises and franchise agreements from Shell and

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Texaco, Equilon also imposed substantial rent increases upon each plaintiff operating leased
marketing premises.
99. Furthermore, each plaintiff operating leased marketing premises has been deprived of
an opportunity to acquire such premises. Franchisce ownership of marketing premises, as opposed
to leasing such premises from a franchisor, substantially increases the value of a gasoline station
business because it gives the owner-franchisee the freedom to negotiate arms length franchise

100. By reason of the violations alleged herein, plaintiffs have sustained injury to their businesses and property in amounts yet to be ascertained, but including the loss of sales, profits, and business goodwill, increased rent, increased prices paid to defendants for gasoline and other petroleum products, the value of their businesses as going concerns, the increased costs of doing business, including any debts incurred.

agreements or supply contracts with any oil company franchisor on much better terms for the

101. Prior to the Equilon and other combinations outlined above, Shell and Texaco were actual competitors.

VIII

SECTION 1 OF THE SHERMAN ACT

- 102. Each of the Equilon and Motiva combinations described hereinabove constitutes a contract, combination or conspiracy by Saudi, Shell and Texaco to raise, fix, peg, or stabilize prices in per se violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1.
- 103. The Equilon and Motiva combinations constitute contracts, combinations or conspiracies between and among defendants, Saudi, Texaco, Shell, Equilon, Motiva, Equiva Trading and Equiva Services, to raise, fix, peg, or stabilize prices in per se violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1.
- 104. Each Chairman of Saudi, Texaco and Shell knew of and approved of the price fixing agreement.
- 105. The Equilon and Motiva combinations constitute contracts, combinations or conspiracies between and among defendants, Saudi, Texaco, Shell, Equilon, Motiva, Equiva

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Trading and Equiva Services, to divide markets in per se violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1. 106. Each Chairman of Saudi, Texaco and Shell knew of and approved of the agreement to divide markets. 107. The Equilon and Motiva combinations constitute contracts, combinations or conspiracies between and among defendants, Saudi, Texaco, Shell, Equilon, Motiva, Equiva Trading and Equive Services, to divide customers in per se violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1. 108. Each Chairman of Saudi, Texaco and Shell knew of and approved of the agreement to divide customers. 10 109. The overall conduct of defendants described above also constitutes a contract. 11 combination or conspiracy to raise, fix, peg, or stabilize prices in per se violation of Section 1 of 12 1.3 the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1. 14 IX 15 PRAYER FOR RELIEF WHEREFORE, plaintiffs pray for relief as follows: 16 17 (a) that the jury find and this Court adjudge and decree that defendants have violated Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1; 18 19 (b) that plaintiffs recover actual damages as the jury shall find them to have sustained 20 and that the damages be trebled pursuant to Section 4 of the Clayton Act; (c) that the Court issue a permanent injunction dissolving Equilon, Motiva, Equiva Trading, and Equiva Services pursuant to Section 16 of the Clayton Act; (d) that the Court issue a permanent injunction enjoining and prohibiting defendants from contracting, combining, and conspiring to raise, fix, peg, or stabilize prices; that the Court issue a permanent injunction enjoining and prohibiting defendants (e) from contracting, combining, and conspiring to fix plaintiffs' rents at artificially high and noncompetitive levels; that the Court issue a permanent injunction requiring defendants to allow any dealer **(1)** -20-

BLEAU, FOX & ASSOCIATES

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